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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 10/668,090 | 09/19/2003 | Julie L. Austin | 01004.00011 | 1280 |
| 7590 04/26/2005 | | EXAMINER | | |
| Steven Thrasher 391 Sandhill Dr. | | | VANAMAN, FRANK BENNETT | |
| Richardson, T | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| , | | | 3618 | |
| | | DATE MAILED: 04/26/2005 | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summer | 10/668,090 | AUSTIN ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | Frank Vanaman | 3618 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 86(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | ely filed swill be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on | | | | | | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45 | 3 O.G. 213. | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray | 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. |) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| | Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | election requirement. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine | | | | | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>19 September 2003</u> is/are: a)⊡ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | | \ | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | | |
| application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of Reférences Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview Summary | | | | | |
| Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | atent Application (PTO-152) | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

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Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the stroller portion being a pipe (claim 2), an armrest (claim 3), a leg (claim 4), or a handle (claim 5); and a means for securing the supporting member when fully condensed within the stroller portion (claim 20) must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

- 2. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: 140, (specification page 8, line 18, and plural locations on page 10), 105 (page 9, line 15, for example); 212 (page 11, line 2); 214 (page 11, line 2); 240 (page 11, line 3); 230 (page 11, line 5); 205 (page 11, line 13). This has been an exemplary listing only. It appears as though numerous reference numerals mentioned in the specification are not shown in the drawings as filed. Care should be taken to ensure that reference numerals mentioned in the specification match those in the drawings.
- 3. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

- 4. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the text "[t]he invention is" is redundant and should be deleted. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).
- 5. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: on page 5, figure 4 is not mentioned in the Brief Description of the Drawings. On each of pages 6 and 7, as well as the first three lines of page 8, it is not clear what portion of applicants'

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actual invention is being described. Throughout the specification, different terms have been used in association with the same drawing numerals—note page 11, line 4: "stroller pipe 220", in comparison with page 11, line 6, "stroller portion 220"; or the same term has been associated with different reference numerals: compare page 11, line 6, "stroller portion 220" with page 11, line 15, "stroller portion 210". This has been an exemplary listing. The entire specification should be carefully reviewed and revised for internal consistency, and for consistency with the drawings as filed. No new matter may be entered.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 6. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 20 recites a securing means adapted to secure the supporting member when fully condensed within the stroller portion, however the specification as filed fails to teach how such a feature is made and/or used, and the drawings as filed fail to show such a feature.
- 7. Claims 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claims 12 and 13, it is not clear what particular attributes of a foam ("foam-like") are, or are not, being claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the

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applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

- 9. Claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Frycek (US 5,244,225). Frycek teaches a system including a stroller leg portion (15, 16, 17, 18), a supporting member (27, 30), a fastening means (19, 20) for connecting the supporting member, and a coupling means (21, 22) which forms a joint for connecting the supporting member and fastening means, the stroller leg portions (15, 16) being pipes and having handle portions (17, 18), the leg portions including a forwardly protruding arm rest (11), the fastening means (19, 20) being integral with the leg portions, and forms a hinge (note circular motion available from 23, 24 at the disengagement of 21,22) and which may be positioned in a plurality of positions (note figure 4).
- 10. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kreamer (US 6,722,689, filed 1/16/02). Kreamer teaches a flute shaped supporting member (48) comprising a top and a hollow bottom (58) having an arcuate cavity, and adapted to secure the supporting member to a stroller portion (28) when in either a stowed or a use state, fastening means (53) adapted to attach the supporting member to a stroller, and a coupling means (54, 56) adapted to couple the supporting member to the fastening means.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 12. Claims 6, 7, 8, 11, and 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Frycek (cited above). Frycek teaches a system including a stroller leg portion (15, 16, 17, 18), a supporting member (27, 30), a fastening means (connection between 19, 20, 17, 18, and 21, 22) for connecting the supporting member, and a

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coupling means (21, 22) which forms a joint for connecting the supporting member and fastening means, the stroller leg portions (15, 16) being pipes and having handle portions (17, 18), the leg portions being connected with an arm rest (11), the fastening means (19, 20) being integral with the leg portions, and forms a hinge (note circular motion available from 23, 24 at the disengagement of 21,22) and which may be positioned in a plurality of positions (note figure 4).

As regards claims 6 and 7, the reference to Frycek fails to specifically teach the supporting member as being a hollow pipe or rod, however these materials are well known in the frame construction arts, and as such, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to construct the support member from a rod for the purpose of providing a heavy-duty handle member, or from a tubular pipe for the purpose of providing a strong handle which is light-weight.

As regards claim 8, the reference to Frycek fails to teach the fastening means as being removably attached. It is very old and well known in the manufacturing arts to modify integral elements to be detachable in order to facilitate storage or transfer, and as such, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make the fastening means removably attached to the stroller portion for the purpose in allowing a more compact configuration when the device is being stored.

As regards claim 11, the reference to Frycek fails to teach the fastening means as being a clip. The use of spring loaded clip and pin devices is very old and well known in the manufacturing arts, and as such, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a spring pin or spring clip to perform the task of the fastening means for the purpose of allowing fast connection and disconnection of the mating elements.

As regards claims 16-18, the reference to Frycek fails to teach a specific length and diameter to the supporting member and a specific height when attached. To adjust the length and diameter of an already-taught handle or gripping element, and its location based on an envisioned use is not deemed to be beyond the skill of the ordinary practitioner, and as such, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to adjust the diameter and length of the support to be

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between 0.5 and 2 inches, and between 11 and 24 inches respectively to accommodate a particular user, similarly, in view of Frycek's figure 4, it is not deemed to be beyond the skill of the ordinary practitioner to adjust the height of the support member to be between 11 and 24 inches from the ground, for example to allow a user to maneuver the stroller on an incline or decline.

13. Claims 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Frycek in view of O'Shea et al. (US 6,325,406). The reference to Frycek is discussed above and fails to teach the support member as being covered with a 'foamlike' polymer. O'Shea et al. teach a hand support member (36) which is covered with a foam material, which is adapted to be useful as a grip for any number of users. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the foam material taught to be usable by O'Shea et al. on the support member taught by Frycek for the purpose of enhancing the gripping characteristics of the support member. As regards the use of a polymer it is very old and well known to use polymeric foams, and as such, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a polymer to ensure that the gripping element does not degrade in damp weather conditions.

Intended Use

14. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Claims not Rejected over the Prior Art

15. Claim 20 is not rejected as being unpatentable over or anticipated by the prior art of record, however this claim is not in condition for allowance in view of the rejection under 35 USC §112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which has not been disclosed to the degree needed to make such a feature.

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Conclusion

16. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Treat, Jr., (US 5,290,055), Spear (US 5,697,628), Jones (US 5,769,440), Armbrust (US 5,797,165), Stephenson et al. (US 5,915,712), Battiston (US 6,371,142), Turner (US 6,386,575), and Huang et al. (US 6,817,060) teach various handle and stroller devices of pertinence.

17. Any inquiry specifically concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to F. Vanaman whose telephone number is 571-272-6701.

Any inquiries of a general nature or relating to the status of this application may be made through either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

A response to this action should be mailed to:

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Or faxed to one of the following fax servers:

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Customer Service Communications: 703-872-9325

F. VANAMAN
Primary Examiner
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